[~116H3778]

			(Original Signature of Member)
117TH CONGRESS	Н	R	

To amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize certain grants (for youth suicide early intervention and prevention strategies) to be used for school personnel in elementary and secondary schools and students in secondary schools to receive student suicide awareness and prevention training, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr.	CLEAVER introduced	the	following	bill;	which	was	referred	to	the
	Committee on								

## A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize certain grants (for youth suicide early intervention and prevention strategies) to be used for school personnel in elementary and secondary schools and students in secondary schools to receive student suicide awareness and prevention training, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Cady Housh and
- 3 Gemesha Thomas Student Suicide Prevention Act of
- 4 2021".

## 5 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 6 Congress finds the following:
- 7 (1) In the last 12 years, suicide has been on the 8 increase, moving up to the second leading cause of
- 9 death for young people between the ages of 10 and
- 10 34 with about 157,000 youth treated at emergency
- departments for self-inflicted injuries. Between 2007
- and 2018, the national suicide rate among persons
- ages 1 to 24 increased 57.4 percent.
- 14 (2) According to the 2019 Youth Risk Behav-
- iors Survey of the Centers for Disease Control and
- Prevention, 18.8 percent of high school students re-
- ported seriously considering suicide, and 8.9 percent
- 18 reporting attempting to take their lives during that
- 19 period.
- 20 (3) Eighty percent of students show warning
- signs before attempting suicide.
- 22 (4) Prevention and awareness training will
- equip individuals to become aware of the warning
- signs of suicide, identify students in crisis, and pro-
- vide resources for help.

1	(5) Research shows that inquiring about suicide
2	ideation, or discussing suicide in terms of recog-
3	nizing risk factors and prevention methods—
4	(A) does not increase the chance of suicide;
5	and
6	(B) in fact, can lower the risk of suicide.
7	(6) Sexual minority youth (LGBTQ) are almost
8	five times more likely to have attempted suicide com-
9	pared to their heterosexual peers. In addition, 40
10	percent of LGBTQ youth seriously considered at-
11	tempting suicide in the past 12 months, with more
12	than half of transgender and nonbinary youth hav-
13	ing seriously considered suicide.
14	SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
15	It is the sense of the Congress that—
16	(1) student suicide awareness, prevention train-
17	ing, and response materials should be available to all
18	school personnel, including administrative personnel,
19	teachers, counselors, and other school leaders;
20	(2) States should give autonomy to each local
21	educational agency to—
22	(A) adopt a policy with respect to student
23	suicide awareness and prevention; and
24	(B) work collaboratively with local organi-
25	zations, youth mental health experts, health

1	care providers, and the Secretary of Health and
2	Human Services to implement training for
3	school personnel and students, including by
4	sharing and disseminating—
5	(i) training materials and resources;
6	and
7	(ii) information that is evidence-in-
8	formed or promising on student suicide
9	prevention;
10	(3) the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-
11	ices should identify the highest unmet needs, specifi-
12	cally with at-risk student populations, such as—
13	(A) minority students,
14	(B) LBGTQ+ identifying students;
15	(C) students living with mental health con-
16	ditions;
17	(D) students living with substance use dis-
18	orders;
19	(E) students who have engaged in self-
20	harm or have attempted suicide; and
21	(F) students experiencing homelessness or
22	out-of-home settings;
23	(4) schools should offer these services to stu-
24	dents in grades 9 through 12, with the support of
25	organizations with demonstrated expertise in cul-

1	tural competency, suicide awareness, response, and
2	prevention training;
3	(5) students who receive such training should
4	not be taught to be counselors, but rather should be
5	educated on how to—
6	(A) recognize signs of suicide and depres-
7	sion;
8	(B) report these signs to appropriate staff;
9	and
10	(C) identify sources of care and support;
11	and
12	(6) schools should utilize school-based mental
13	health professionals and other community partner-
14	ships.
15	SEC. 4. STUDENT SUICIDE AWARENESS AND PREVENTION
16	TRAINING.
17	(a) Additional Authorized Use of Grant
18	Funds.—Section 520E(a) of the Public Health Service
19	Act (42 U.S.C. 290bb-36(a)) is amended—
20	(1) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at the
21	end;
22	(2) in paragraph (5), by striking the period at
23	the end and inserting "; and; and

1	"(6) establish and implement a statewide policy
2	requiring school personnel in elementary and sec-
3	ondary schools and students in secondary schools to
4	complete student emotional well-being, mental
5	health, and suicide awareness and prevention train-
6	ing in accordance with subsection (d).".
7	(b) Training Requirements.—Section 520E of the
8	Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290bb–36(a)), as
9	amended by subsection (a), is further amended—
10	(1) by redesignating subsections (d) through
11	(m) as subsections (e) through (n), respectively; and
12	(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"(d) Requirements for Student Suicide
15	Awareness and Training Programs.—
16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—As a condition on receipt of
17	funds under subsection (a)(6), an applicant shall
18	agree to use the funds to establish or implement a
19	statewide policy—
20	"(A) requiring school personnel in elemen-
21	tary and secondary schools and students in sec-
22	ondary schools to complete student emotional
23	well-being, mental health, and suicide awareness
24	and prevention training that—

1	"(i) includes at least one classroom
2	session each school year;
3	"(ii) is evidence-informed; and
4	"(iii) includes training on—
5	"(I) the warning signs of, and
6	elevated risk factors for, poor emo-
7	tional well-being, mental health issues,
8	and suicide of oneself and of others;
9	"(II) suggested responses to such
10	warning signs;
11	"(III) further suicide awareness
12	and prevention resources; and
13	"(IV) the method and manner of
14	making an appropriate referral to a
15	school-based mental health services
16	provider; and
17	"(B) requiring, with respect to such school
18	personnel, that such training include training
19	on—
20	"(i) cultural competency and
21	intersectionality sensitivity; and
22	"(ii) an overview of applicable Fed-
23	eral, State, and local law concerning re-
24	porting requirements.

1	"(2) Definitions.—As used in subsection
2	(a)(6) and this subsection:
3	"(A) The term 'evidence-informed' means
4	informed by practices that—
5	"(i) use the best available research
6	and practice knowledge to guide program
7	design and implementation;
8	"(ii) allow for innovation while incor-
9	porating the lessons learned from the exist-
10	ing research literature; and
11	"(iii) are responsive to families' cul-
12	tural backgrounds, community values, and
13	individual preferences.
14	"(B) The term 'school-based mental health
15	services provider' includes a State-licensed or
16	State-certified school counselor, school psycholo-
17	gist, school social worker, or other State-li-
18	censed or certified mental health professional
19	qualified under State law to provide mental
20	health services to children and adolescents.
21	"(C) The term 'school personnel' means—
22	"(i) principals or other heads of a
23	school; other professional instructional
24	staff (such as staff involved in curriculum
25	development, staff development, or oper-

1	ating library, media, and computer cen-
2	ters); specialized instructional support per-
3	sonnel such as school counselors, school so-
4	cial workers, and school psychologists; and
5	other qualified professional personnel, such
6	as school nurses, speech language patholo-
7	gists, and school librarians, involved in
8	providing assessment, diagnosis, coun-
9	seling, and educational, therapeutic, and
10	other necessary services; and
11	"(ii) other school employees and con-
12	tractors who interact with students, includ-
13	ing bus drivers, cafeteria workers, coaches,
14	janitorial staff, and after-school program
15	employees.".
16	(c) Funding.—Subsection (n) of section 520E of the
17	Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290bb–36), as re-
18	designated by subsection (b)(2), is amended—
19	(1) by striking "For the purpose" and inserting
20	the following:
21	"(1) In general.—For the purpose";
22	(2) by striking "2022" and inserting "2028";
23	and
24	(3) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(2) Allocation.—Of the amounts made
2	available to carry out this section for a fiscal year,
3	not less than 15 percent of such amounts shall be
4	used for grants or cooperative agreements to carry
5	out subsection (a)(6) (to establish and implement a
6	statewide policy requiring school personnel in ele-
7	mentary and secondary schools and students in sec-
8	ondary schools to complete student emotional well-
9	being, mental health, and suicide awareness and pre-
10	vention training).".